CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CORNWALL, NEW YORK

AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 INCLUDING REPORTS ON FEDERAL AWARDS AND EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CORNWALL, NEW YORK JUNE 30, 2020 TABLE OF CONTENTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of Cornwall Central School District Cornwall, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

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We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary funds of the Cornwall Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Cornwall Central School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary funds of the Cornwall Central School District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information on pages 4 through 14 and 68 through 72 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Cornwall Central School District's basic financial statements. The supplemental schedules on pages 73 through 75 are required by the New York State Education Department and are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental schedules on pages 73 through 75 and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, supplemental schedules on pages 73 through 75 and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2020, on our consideration of the Cornwall Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Cornwall Central School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Cornwall Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Montgomery, New York

Nugant + Houseler, P.C.

September 30, 2020

Management Discussion and Analysis

Introductory Section

The following is a discussion and analysis of Cornwall Central School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This section is a summary of Cornwall Central School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is also based on both the district-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

- Net position decreased \$4,396,102. The most significant factors that contributed to this decrease were the expenses related to pensions (\$7,041,203) and other postemployment benefits (\$6,350,870).
- General Fund revenues and other sources were \$718,198 more than budget.
- General Fund expenditures and encumbrances were \$4,450,518 under budget.
- The District received federal funds for instructional programs and school lunch assistance of \$679,910 and \$345,162, respectively.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: MD&A (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *district-wide* financial statements that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the district-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Fiduciary funds* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a *trustee* or *agent* for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

The following table summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of MD&A highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

	Major Features of the District-W		
		Fund Financi	al Statements
	District-Wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/deferred outflows of resources/liability/ deferred inflows of resources information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due or available during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets, deferred outflows of resources (if any), liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (if any) both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/ outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net Position, the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows and its liabilities and deferred inflows, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as *Governmental activities*: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and State formula aid finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants).

The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, additional information provided in the notes to the financial statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary Funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the scholarship fund and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's net position at June 30, 2020 is (\$75,160,506). This is a \$4,396,102 decrease from last year's net position of (\$70,764,404). The following table provides a summary of the District's net position:

Summary of Net Position

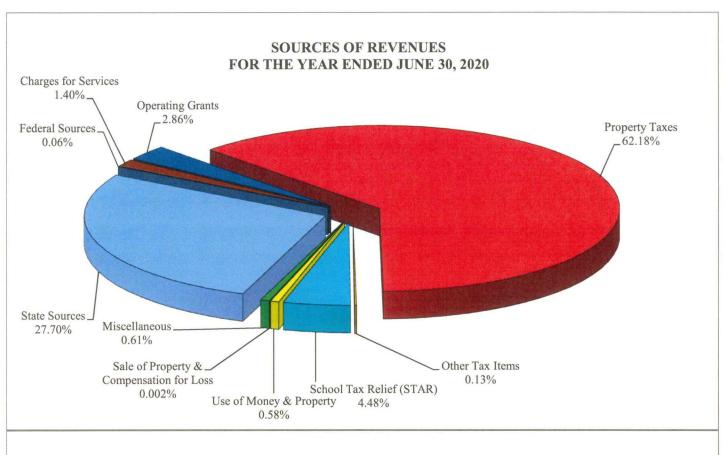
	ies		
	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	% Change
Current Assets	\$ 18,253,041	\$ 16,057,530	13.67%
Non-Current Assets	46,715,498	46,952,254	-0.50%
Total Assets	64,968,539	63,009,784	3.11%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	27,153,277	22,039,006	23.21%
Current Liabilities	7,597,220	7,804,273	-2.65%
Long-Term Liabilities	139,527,645	127,112,921	9.77%
Total Liabilities	147,124,865	134,917,194	9.05%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	20,157,457	20,896,000	-3.53%
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	13,118,553	12,116,005	8.27%
Restricted	9,525,394	7,297,880	30.52%
Unrestricted	(97,804,453)	(90,178,289)	-8.46%
Total Net Position	\$ (75,160,506)	\$ (70,764,404)	-6.21%

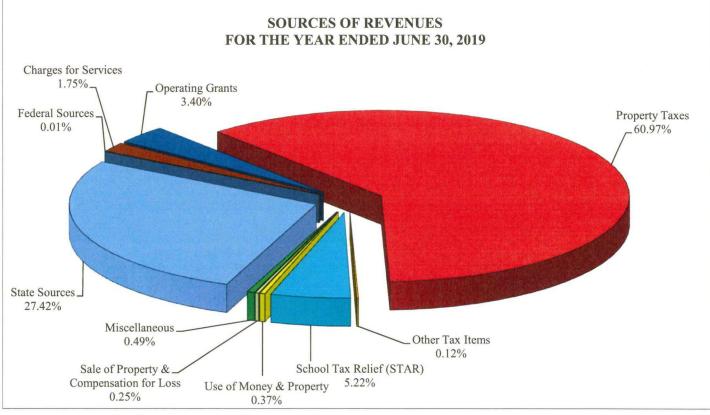
The following table and supporting graphs provides a summary of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CORNWALL, NEW YORK SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

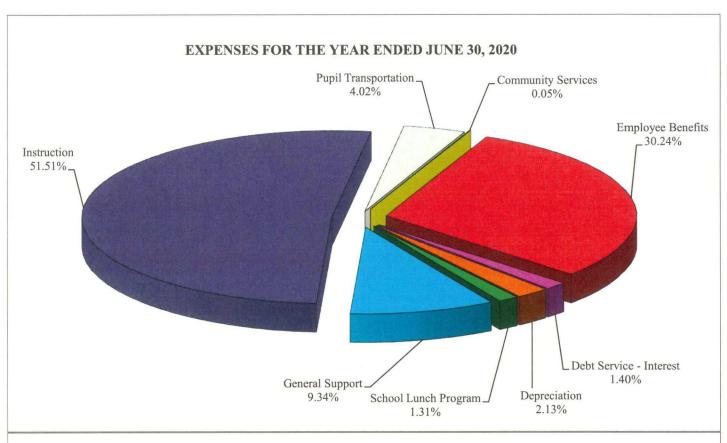
]	FOR THE			FOR THE			
	YE	AR ENDED		YE	AR ENDED			
	JU.	NE 30, 2020	%	JU	NE 30, 2019	%	\$ Change	% Change
REVENUES								
PROGRAM REVENUES:								
Charges for Services	\$	1,034,714	1.40%	\$	1,275,481	1.75%	\$ (240,767)	-18.88%
Operating Grants	Ψ	2,121,495	2.86%	Φ	2,480,600	3.40%	(359,105)	-14.48%
Operating Grants		2,121,493	2.0070		2,400,000	5.4070	(337,103)	-14.4070
GENERAL REVENUES:								
Property Taxes		46,051,185	62.18%		44,537,113	60.97%	1,514,072	3.40%
Other Tax Items		94,977	0.13%		87,923	0.12%	7,054	8.02%
School Tax Relief (STAR)		3,317,360	4.48%		3,809,442	5.22%	(492,082)	-12.92%
Use of Money & Property		427,607	0.58%		272,213	0.37%	155,394	57.09%
Sale of Property &								
Compensation for Loss		1,519	0.00%		180,548	0.25%	(179,029)	-99.16%
Miscellaneous		453,438	0.61%		357,930	0.49%	95,508	26.68%
State Sources		20,520,469	27.70%		20,028,724	27.42%	491,745	2.46%
Federal Sources		45,309	0.06%	_	6,949	0.01%	38,360	552.02%
TOTAL REVENUES	_	74,068,073	100.00%	_	73,036,923	100.00%	1,031,150	1.41%
EXPENSES								
General Support		7,326,459	9.34%		6,733,651	9.22%	592,808	8.80%
Instruction		40,418,907	51.51%		39,902,264	54.62%	516,643	1.29%
Pupil Transportation		3,156,770	4.02%		3,892,624	5.33%	(735,854)	-18.90%
Community Services		40,726	0.05%		28,055	0.04%	12,671	45.16%
Employee Benefits		23,726,012	30.24%		18,592,166	25.45%	5,133,846	27.61%
Debt Service - Interest		1,098,659	1.40%		1,187,670	1.63%	(89,011)	-7.49%
Depreciation		1,669,105	2.13%		1,651,476	2.26%	17,629	1.07%
School Lunch Program	_	1,027,537	1.31%	_	1,059,885	1.45%	(32,348)	-3.05%
TOTAL EXPENSES	_	78,464,175	100.00%	_	73,047,791	100.00%	5,416,384	7.41%
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(4,396,102)		\$	(10,868)		\$(4,385,234)	

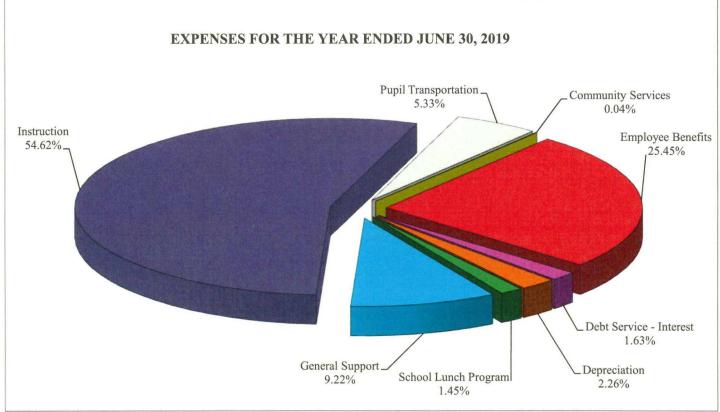
CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CORNWALL, NEW YORK





CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CORNWALL, NEW YORK

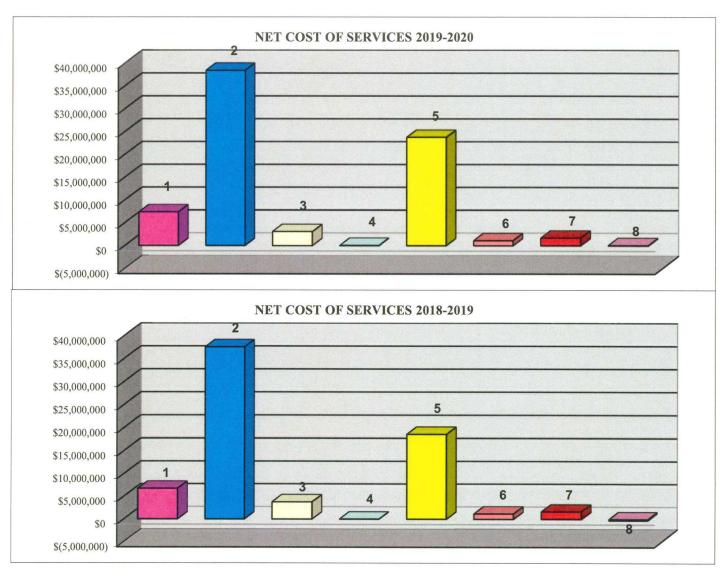




CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CORNWALL, NEW YORK SUMMARY OF NET COSTS

The following information is provided to disclose the net cost of governmental activities:

	OI	TOTAL COST OF SERVICES 2019-2020		NET COST OF SERVICES 2019-2020		OTAL COST SERVICES 2018-2019	OH	NET COST F SERVICES 2018-2019
General Support	\$	7,326,459	\$	7,326,459	\$	6,733,651	\$	6,733,651
Instruction 2		40,418,907		38,325,754		39,902,264		37,563,707
Pupil Transportation 3		3,156,770	3,047,124		3,892,624			3,790,945
Community Services 4		40,726	40,726			28,055		28,055
Employee Benefits 5		23,726,012		23,726,012		18,592,166		18,592,166
Debt Service - Interest 6		1,098,659		1,098,659		1,187,670		1,187,670
Depreciation 7	preciation 7 1,669,105			1,669,105	1,651,476			1,651,476
School Lunch Program 8		1,027,537		74,127		1,059,885		(258,382)
	\$	78,464,175	\$	75,307,966	\$	73,047,791	\$	69,289,288



Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As discussed, the District's governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a modified accrual basis that uses a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financial requirements. The major governmental funds of the District consist of the General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. The fund balances allocated between nonspendable, restricted, assigned, and unassigned fund balance for each of these funds is as follows:

		June 30, 2020								
	No	nspendable	Restricted	Assigned	Unassigned					
General	\$	761,670	\$ 4,740,731	\$ 4,615,123	\$ 2,981,798					
Special Aid		0	0	0	0					
School Lunch		54,631	0	0	(143,533)					
Capital Projects		0	275,856	0	0					
Debt Service		0	0	0	0					
			June 30	2019						

	June 30, 2019									
	No	nspendable	Restricted	Assigned	Unassigned					
General	\$	756,654	\$ 3,717,417	\$ 2,905,322	\$ 2,941,412					
Special Aid		0	0	0	0					
School Lunch		46,139	151,566	0	0					
Capital Projects		0	232,575	0	0					
Debt Service		0	136	0	0					

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original budget for the General Fund was revised by \$96,331 during the fiscal year. The supplemental appropriations principally consisted of additional appropriations related to the summer camp program and an insurance recovery received by the District, as well as tax certiorari judgements for which the District appropriated reserves.

In the General Fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, actual revenues were greater than final budgeted revenues by \$718,198 (1.01%). Actual expenditures and encumbrances were less than final budgeted expenditures by \$4,450,518 (6.00%). Significant factors contributing to expenditures being less than the final budget were lower than anticipated expenses in employee benefits and overall instructional program. For fiscal year 2020-2021, the District has appropriated \$4,100,000 of fund balance to reduce the tax levy. This is an increase of \$1,700,000 from 2019-2020's \$2,400,000.

Factors that continue to affect the budget process are as follows:

- Increasing contractual costs (transportation, BOCES, related services, etc.).
- Aging facilities and infrastructure that will need significant repairs and/or renovation in the near future.
- Property Tax Cap Legislation
- Low interest rates paid on District investments
- Non-Funded Federal and State Mandates

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds (Continued)

General Fund Budgetary Highlights (Continued)

Management believes that the budget adopted for 2020-2021 is reasonably adaptable to any adverse changes that may arise based on the above factors.

Other Fund Highlights

The Special Aid Fund ended the fiscal year with no fund balance.

The School Lunch Fund ended the fiscal year with a negative fund balance of (\$88,902). Revenues exceeded expenditures by (\$286,607), due in large part to the COVID-19 pandemic.

The Capital Projects Fund ended the fiscal year with a fund balance of \$275,856. See Supplemental Schedule #6 for more information on capital projects.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2020, was \$42,206,691. The decrease in this net investment was 3.54% for the District (see schedule below). The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019 was \$43,756,068. The District expended \$119,728 to acquire and construct capital assets during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and depreciation expense for the fiscal year was \$1,669,105.

<u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Scho	ies	
	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	% Change
Non-Depreciable Assets:			
Land	\$ 1,776,500	\$ 1,776,500	0.00%
Depreciable Assets:			
Land Improvements	280,733	326,597	-14.04%
Building and Improvements	39,800,431	41,323,480	-3.69%
Furniture and Equipment	349,027	329,491	5.93%
TOTALS	\$ 42,206,691	\$ 43,756,068	-3.54%

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the fiscal year, the District had total long-term debt principal outstanding of \$29,202,321. This amount is backed by the full faith and credit of Cornwall Central School District with debt service fully funded by voter approved property taxes. Activity in debt outstanding during the fiscal year was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending				
	Balance	Issued		Issued		Issued		Paid	Balance
Serial Bonds dated 08/01/08	\$ 1,270,000	\$	0	\$ 300,000	\$ 970,000				
Serial Bonds dated 07/16/10	105,000		0	50,000	55,000				
Serial Bonds dated 09/06/12	26,640,000	26,640,000		1,910,000	24,730,000				
Installment Purchase Debt	3,751,590		0	304,269	3,447,321				
Total Long-Term Debt	\$31,766,590	\$	0	\$2,564,269	\$29,202,321				
Installment Purchase Debt	3,751,590	\$	0 0	304,269	3,447,321				

Long-term debt also includes an unamortized bond premium of \$1,751,800 related to the serial bonds dated September 6, 2012. This premium is being amortized over the life of the bond, which matures in October 2029.

Bond Ratings

Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") has assigned a rating of Aa3 to outstanding uninsured bonds of the District. This rating reflects only the view of such rating agency and an explanation of the significance of such rating should be obtained from Moody's Investors Service. There can be no assurance that such rating will not be revised or withdrawn, if in the judgment of Moody's circumstances so warrant. Any change or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Notes or the availability of a secondary market for the Notes.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Harvey Sotland, Assistant Superintendent for Business, at the school's business offices at 24 Idlewild Avenue, Cornwall-on-Hudson, New York, 12520.

CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CORNWALL, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

JUNE 30, 2020

<u>ASSETS</u>		
Unrestricted Cash	\$	9,957,967
Restricted Cash		5,016,587
State & Federal Aid Receivable		1,863,827
Due from Fiduciary Funds		202,838
Other Receivables		395,521
Prepaid Expenditures		765,992
Inventories		50,309
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets		1,776,500
Capital Assets, Net		40,430,191
Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share		4,508,807
TOTAL ASSETS		64,968,539
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Amount on Refunding		1,865,983
Pensions		17,339,908
Other Postemployment Benefits		7,947,386
		1,511,000
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	27,153,277
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		1,246,587
Accrued Liabilities		228,383
Due to Other Governments		353
Due to Teachers' Retirement System		2,876,455
Due to Employees' Retirement System		189,492
Unearned Revenues		62,874
Long-term Liabilities:		02,674
Due and Payable Within One Year:		
		2 574 204
Bonds Payable (including an unamortized bond premium of \$189,384) Installment Purchase Debt		2,574,384
		282,936
Due and Payable In More Than One Year:		2 456 240
Compensated Absences		2,456,340
Bonds Payable (including an unamortized bond premium of \$1,562,416)		24,932,416
Installment Purchase Debt		3,164,385
Other Postemployment Benefits		104,976,492
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share	_	3,998,012
TOTAL LIABILITIES		147,124,865
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions		6,301,622
Other Postemployment Benefits		13,855,835
Cutet Tostemployment Beliefits		13,633,633
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		20,157,457
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		13,118,553
Restricted		9,525,394
Unrestricted		(97,804,453)
		(, , , , , , , , ,)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(75,160,506)

CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CORNWALL, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		PROGRAN	A REVENUES	
FUNCTIONS & PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE & CHANGES IN NET POSITION
General Support	\$ (10,568,127)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ (10,568,127)
Instruction	(60,731,430)	440,770	1,652,383	(58,638,277)
Pupil Transportation	(4,613,797)	0	109,646	(4,504,151)
Community Services	(40,726)	0	0	(40,726)
Debt Service - Interest	(1,098,659)	0	0	(1,098,659)
School Lunch Program	(1,411,436)	593,944	359,466	(458,026)
				(111,111)
TOTAL FUNCTIONS & PROGRAMS	\$ (78,464,175)	\$1,034,714	\$ 2,121,495	(75,307,966)
GENERAL REVENUES				
Real Property Taxes				46,051,185
Other Tax Items				3,412,337
Use of Money & Property				427,607
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss				1,519
Miscellaneous				453,438
State Sources				20,520,469
Federal Sources				45,309
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES				70,911,864
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				(4,396,102)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR				(70,764,404)
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR				\$ (75,160,506)

CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CORNWALL, NEW YORK BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

<u>ASSETS</u>	GENERAL		PECIAL AID	SCHOOL LUNCH		CAPITAL ROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	GO	TOTAL VERNMENTAL FUNDS
Unrestricted Cash	\$ 9,677,362	S	198,748	\$ 80,293	\$	1,564	\$ 0	\$	9,957,967
Restricted Cash	4,740,731	Ψ	0	0	Ψ	275,856	0	Φ	5,016,587
State & Federal Aid Receivable	1,256,031		590,066	17,730		0	0		1,863,827
Due from Other Funds	966,789		0	0		0	0		966,789
Due from Fiduciary Funds	202,838		0	0		0	0		202,838
Other Receivables	395,277		0	244		0	0		395,521
Prepaid Expenditures	761,670		0	4,322		0	0		765,992
Inventories	0		0	50,309		0	0		50,309
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 18,000,698	\$	788,814	\$ 152,898	\$	277,420	\$ 0	\$	19,219,830
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES & FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,244,146	\$	0	\$ 2,441	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	1,246,587
Accrued Liabilities	27,656		0	0		0	0		27,656
Due to Other Funds	0		779,479	185,746		1,564	0		966,789
Due to Other Governments	279		0	74		0	0		353
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	2,876,455		0	0		0	0		2,876,455
Due to Employees' Retirement System	189,492		0	0		0	0		189,492
Compensated Absences	135,756		0	0		0	0		135,756
Unearned Revenue	0		9,335	53,539		0	0		62,874
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,473,784		788,814	241,800		1,564	0		5,505,962
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred Revenue	427,592		0	0		0	0		427,592
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable	761,670		0	54,631		0	0		816,301
Restricted	4,740,731		0	0		275,856	0		5,016,587
Assigned	4,615,123		0	0		0	0		4,615,123
Unassigned TOTAL FUND RALANCES	2,981,798		0	(143,533)		0	0		2,838,265
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	13,099,322		0	(88,902)	-	275,856	0	_	13,286,276
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES & FUND BALANCES	\$ 18,000,698	\$	788,814	\$ 152,898	\$	277,420	\$ 0	\$	19,219,830

CORNWALL, NEW YORK

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION $\underline{\text{JUNE } 30,2020}$

	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		LONG-TERM ASSETS & LIABILITIES	RECLASSIFICATIONS & ELIMINATIONS	STATEMENT OF NET POSITION		
ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
ASSETS Unrestricted Cash	S	9,957,967	\$ 0	\$ 0	S	9,957,967	
Restricted Cash	Φ	5,016,587	0	0	Φ	5,016,587	
State & Federal Aid Receivable		1,863,827	0	0		1,863,827	
Due from Other Funds		966,789	0	(966,789)		0	
Due from Fiduciary Funds		202,838	0	0		202,838	
Other Receivables		395,521	0	0		395,521	
Prepaid Expenditures		765,992	0	0		765,992	
Inventories		50,309	0	0		50,309	
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets		0	1,776,500	0		1,776,500	
Capital Assets, Net		0	40,430,191	0		40,430,191	
Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share		0	4,508,807	0	_	4,508,807	
TOTAL ASSETS		19,219,830	46,715,498	(966,789)		64,968,539	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Amount on Refunding		0	1,865,983	0		1,865,983	
Pensions		0	17,339,908	0		17,339,908	
Other Postemployment Benefits		0	7,947,386	0		7,947,386	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	0	27,153,277	0		27,153,277	
TOTAL ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	19,219,830	\$ 73,868,775	\$ (966,789)	\$	92,121,816	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES & FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION							
LIABILITIES Assessed Percelle	0	1 246 507	Φ 0	0	Φ.	1 246 505	
Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities	\$	1,246,587 27,656	\$ 0 200,727	\$ 0	\$	1,246,587	
Due to Other Funds		966,789	0	0 (966,789)		228,383	
Due to Other Governments		353	0	(966,789)		353	
Due to Teachers' Retirement System		2,876,455	0	0		2,876,455	
Due to Employees' Retirement System		189,492	0	0		189,492	
Compensated Absences		135,756	2,456,340	0		2,592,096	
Unearned Revenues		62,874	0	0		62,874	
Bonds Payable (including an unamortized bond premium of \$1,751,800)		0	27,506,800	0		27,506,800	
Installment Purchase Debt		0	3,447,321	0		3,447,321	
Other Postemployment Benefits		0	104,976,492	0		104,976,492	
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share		0	3,998,012	0		3,998,012	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		5,505,962	142,585,692	(966,789)		147,124,865	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Revenue		427,592	(427,592)	0		0	
Pensions		0	6,301,622	0		6,301,622	
Other Postemployment Benefits		0	13,855,835	0		13,855,835	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		427,592	19,729,865	0		20,157,457	
FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION		13,286,276	(88,446,782)	0	II 	(75,160,506)	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF							
RESOURCES & FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION	\$	19,219,830	\$ 73,868,775	\$ (966,789)	\$	92,121,816	

CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CORNWALL, NEW YORK

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

REVENUES		GENERAL		SPECIAL AID		CHOOL LUNCH		CAPITAL ROJECTS		DEBT ERVICE	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
Real Property Taxes	S	46,051,185	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	S	46,051,185
Other Tax Items	Ψ	3,412,337	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Φ	0	Φ	0	Φ	3,412,337
Charges for Services		592,828		0		0		0		0		592,828
Use of Money & Property		426,836		0		771		0		0		427,607
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss		1,519		0		0		0		0		1,519
Miscellaneous		453,438		0		1,662		0		0		455,100
State Sources		20,958,161		522,611		14,304		0		0		21,495,076
Federal Sources		45,309		679,910		345,162		0		0		1,070,381
Sales		0		0		592,282		0		0		592,282
TOTAL REVENUES		71,941,613		1,202,521		954,181		0		0		74,098,315
EXPENDITURES												
General Support		7,155,993		0		650,460		0		0		7,806,453
Instruction		39,054,097		1,314,253		0		0		0		40,368,350
Pupil Transportation		3,019,712		137,058		0		0		0		3,156,770
Community Services		40,726		0		0		0		0		40,726
Employee Benefits		15,603,575		0		222,676		0		0		15,826,251
Debt Service:												Colored San Section of Care Section Co.
Principal		2,564,269		0		0		0		0		2,564,269
Interest		1,110,197		0		0		0		0		1,110,197
Cost of Sales		0		0		378,652		0		0		378,652
Capital Outlay	_	0		0		0		311,592		0		311,592
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		68,548,569		1,451,311		1,251,788		311,592		0		71,563,260
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		3,393,044		(248,790)		(297,607)	,	(311,592)		0		2,535,055
OTHER SOURCES & USES												
Operating Transfers In		263		248,790		11,000		355,000		0		615,053
Operating Transfers (Out)		(614,790)		0		0		(127)		(136)		(615,053)
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES & USES		(614,527)		248,790		11,000		354,873		(136)		0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		2,778,517		0		(286,607)		43,281		(136)		2,535,055
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		10,320,805		0	-	197,705		232,575		136		10,751,221
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$	13,099,322	\$	0	\$	(88,902)	\$	275,856	\$	0	\$	13,286,276

CORNWALL, NEW YORK

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

DEVENTES	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		LONG-TERM REVENUE & EXPENSES		CAPITAL RELATED ITEMS	LONG-TERM DEBT TRANSACTIONS		RECLASSIFICATIONS & ELIMINATIONS		STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
REVENUES										
Real Property Taxes	\$	46,051,185	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 46,051,185
Other Tax Items		3,412,337	N DOMESTIC OF	0	0		0		0	3,412,337
Charges for Services		592,828	(152,		0		0		0	440,770
Use of Money & Property		427,607		0	0		0		0	427,607
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss		1,519		0	0		0		0	1,519
Miscellaneous		455,100		0	0		0		0	455,100
State Sources		21,495,076	121,	816	0		0		0	21,616,892
Federal Sources		1,070,381		0	0		0		0	1,070,381
Sales		592,282		0	0		0		0	592,282
TOTAL REVENUES		74,098,315	(30,2	242)	0		0		0	74,068,073
EXPENDITURES										
General Support		7,806,453	(21,3	(802	130,638		0	-	2,652,434	10,568,127
Instruction		40,368,350	50,		1,368,666		0		3,943,857	60,731,430
Pupil Transportation		3,156,770	50,.	0	1,308,000		0		,457,027	4,613,797
Community Services		40,726		0	0		0	J	0	_ Acc 200 Acc 200
Employee Benefits			7 800 3	0	0		-	(22	_	40,726
Debt Service:		15,826,251	7,899,	/61	0		0	(23	3,726,012)	0
		2.564.260		0			(2.5(1.2(0)			
Principal		2,564,269		0	0		(2,564,269)		0	0
Interest		1,110,197	(23,8		0		12,344		0	1,098,659
Cost of Sales		378,652	(1,:	575)	50,073		0		984,286	1,411,436
Capital Outlay		311,592		0	0		0		(311,592)	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		71,563,260	7,903,4	163	1,549,377		(2,551,925)		0	78,464,175
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		2,535,055	(7,933,	705)	(1,549,377)		2,551,925		0	(4,396,102)
OTHER SOURCES & USES										
Operating Transfers In		615,053		0	0		0		(615,053)	0
Operating Transfers (Out)		(615,053)		0	0		0		615,053	
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES & USES		(615,033)		0	0		0	-		0
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES & USES		0	53				0		0	0
NET CHANGE FOR THE YEAR	\$	2,535,055	\$ (7,933,7	705)	\$ (1,549,377)	\$	2,551,925	\$	0	\$ (4,396,102)

CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CORNWALL, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	PU	RIVATE URPOSE TRUSTS	A	GENCY
ASSETS				
Cash Investments	\$	134,509 49,993	\$	596,567 0
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	184,502	\$	596,567
LIABILITIES & NET POSITION				
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Due to Other Funds Extraclassroom Activity Balances Other Liabilities	\$	0 0 0	\$	202,838 132,177 261,552
TOTAL LIABILITIES		0	\$	596,567
NET POSITION				
Restricted for Scholarships		184,502		
TOTAL LIABILITIES & NET POSITION	\$	184,502		

CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CORNWALL, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	PRIVATE		
	PURPOSE		
	TF	RUSTS	
ADDITIONS			
Gifts and Contributions	\$	4,000	
Investment Earnings		2,404	
TOTAL ADDITIONS		6,404	
DEDUCTIONS			
Scholarships & Awards		1,000	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		5,404	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		179,098	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	184,502	

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.

The financial statements of Cornwall Central School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

Cornwall Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of nine members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds have been included in this report. The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in an agency fund.

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component district in the Orange/Ulster County Board of Cooperative Education Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

B. Joint Venture (Continued)

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n (a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, Cornwall Central School District was billed \$5,133,374 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$1,408,659. Financial statements for BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office at Gibson Road, Goshen, New York 10924.

C. Basis of Presentation

1. District-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended in those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

2. Funds Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special revenue funds include the following:

<u>Special Aid Fund</u>: Used to account for proceeds received from State and federal grants that are restricted for specific educational programs.

<u>School Lunch Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the school lunch operations. The school lunch operation is supported by federal and state grants and charges participants for its services.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities.

The District reports the following fiduciary funds:

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>: Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

<u>Private purpose trust funds</u>: These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

2. Funds Statements (Continued)

Agency funds: These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1st and became a lien on August 21, 2019. Taxes were collected by the District during the period September 1, 2019 through November 4, 2019.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Orange County. Orange County pays an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued)

F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the district-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 9 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

I. Cash and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

I. Cash and Investments (Continued)

New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

Investments are stated at fair value.

J. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

K. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the district-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

L. Other Assets/Restricted Assets:

Certain proceeds from serial bonds and bond anticipation notes, as well as resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets in the district-wide financial statements and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

M. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at cost for acquisitions. For assets acquired prior to June 30, 2002, estimated historical costs based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals were used. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

M. Capital Assets (Continued)

Land and construction-in-process are not depreciated. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	N/A	N/A
Buildings and Improvements	10,000	Straight Line	15 - 50 years
Furniture and Equipment	5,000	Straight Line	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5,000	Straight Line	5 - 20 years

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The District reports deferred amounts on refunding in the Statement of Net Position as a deferred outflow of resources. A deferred amount on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second deferred outflow is related to pensions reported in the Statement of Net Position. For additional information on these deferred outflows related to pensions, see Note 8. The third deferred outflow is related to other postemployment benefits reported in the Statement of Net Position. For additional information on these deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits, see Note 10.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first arises on the Balance Sheet under the modified accrual basis of accounting when potential revenues do not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period and when revenue is received that applies to a future period. The District reports deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position related to pensions reported in the district-wide statements. For additional information on deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits reported in the district-wide statements. For additional information on deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits see Note 10.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

O. Deferred and Unearned Revenue

Deferred revenues are reported when potential revenues do not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues arise when the District receives resources before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the deferred or unearned revenues are removed and revenues are recorded. Many deferred revenues recorded in governmental funds are not recorded in the District-wide statements.

P. <u>Vested Employee Benefits</u>

1. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical/personal time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken in varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the funds statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.

2. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

P. Vested Employee Benefits (Continued)

2. Other Benefits (Continued)

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides postemployment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's full-time employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

Q. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RAN's and TAN's represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BAN's issued for capital purposes to be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

The District may issue deficiency notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of that same year's annual budget in any fund or funds arising from revenues being less than the amount estimated in the budget for that fiscal year. The deficiency notes may mature no later than the close of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which they were issued. However, they may mature no later than the close of the second fiscal year after the fiscal year in which they were issued, if the notes were authorized and issued after the adoption of the budget for the fiscal year following the year in which they were issued.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

R. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

S. Equity Classifications

1. District-wide Statements

In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net position - reports net position when constraints placed on the position are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - reports all other net position that do not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

2. Funds Statements

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable: Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes prepaid items in the General Fund of \$761,670 and prepaid items and inventory in the School Lunch Fund of \$54,631.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

S. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Funds Statements (Continued)

<u>Restricted</u>: Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the General fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

Capital Reserve

According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve, the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under Restricted Fund Balance.

Unemployment Insurance Reserve

According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the School District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

Tax Certiorari Reserve

According to Education Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount that might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

- S. Equity Classifications (Continued)
 - 2. Funds Statements (Continued)

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve

According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

Retirement Contribution Reserve

According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used for financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for in the General Fund. The use of the reserve is limited to the New York State Employee Retirement System (ERS).

Teachers' Retirement Contribution Reserve

According to amendments to General Municipal Law §6-r, this reserve must be used to finance retirement contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS") and/or offset all or some of the amount deducted from the moneys apportioned to the District from the state under Education Law § 521. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund. The amount of moneys contributed to the TRS Sub-fund annually cannot exceed 2% of the total salaries of all teachers employed by the District paid during the previous fiscal year. In addition, the total balance of the TRS Subfund cannot exceed 10% of the total salaries of all teachers employed by the District paid during the previous fiscal year.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

S. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Funds Statements (Continued)

Restricted fund balance at June 30, 2020 consisted of:

General	H	unc	:

Capital Reserve	\$	2,067,169
Unemployment Insurance Reserve		14,848
Tax Certiorari Reserve		986,415
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve		515,746
Retirement Contribution Reserve		518,491
Teachers' Retirement Contribution Reserve		638,062
Capital Fund	_	275,856
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$	5.016.587

<u>Committed</u>: Includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Education. The District did not classify any of its fund balances as committed as of June 30, 2020.

Assigned: Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The purpose of the constraint must be narrower than the purpose of the general fund, and in funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance also includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget, as well as encumbrances not classified as restricted at the end of the fiscal year.

<u>Unassigned</u>: Includes fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, negative unassigned fund balance is reported.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

S. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Funds Statements (Continued)

Order of Use of Fund Balance:

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, committed fund balance is determine next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

Limitation on Unexpended Surplus Funds:

NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds the District can retain to no more than 4% of the District's General Fund budget for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent fiscal year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

T. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2020, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

• GASB Statement 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance, effective for the year ending June 30, 2020.

GASB has issued Statement 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, which provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in GASB Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later. The effective dates of certain provisions contained in the several pronouncements were postponed by one year. Effective dates provided in Note U have been updated to reflect this.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

U. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which will enhance consistency and comparability by (1) establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and (2) clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. The focus of the criteria is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2021 financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement 87, *Leases*, which will increase the usefulness of government's financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were not classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use and underlying asset. Under, this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2022 financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, which will improve financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with more relevant information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period. The resulting information also will enhance the comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period for both governmental activities and business-type activities. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2022 financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement 90, *Majority Equity Interests—an amendment of GASB Statements No.* 14 and No. 61, which will improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and will improve the relevance of financial statement information of certain component units. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2021 financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, which will provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2023 financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

U. Future Changes in Accounting Standards (Continued)

GASB has issued Statement 92, *Omnibus 2020*, which will enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics.

The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2022 financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*, which addresses accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR (interbank offered rate). The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2021 financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, which will improve financial reporting by establishing the definitions of public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs) and availability payment arrangements (APAs) and providing uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet those definitions. This Statement will enhance the decision usefulness of a government's financial statements by requiring governments to report assets and liabilities related to PPPs consistently and disclose important information about PPP transactions. The required disclosures will allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of a government's PPPs and evaluate a government's future obligations and assets resulting from PPPs. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2023 financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, which will improve financial reporting by establishing a definition for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) and providing uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. Establishing the capitalization criteria for implementation costs also will reduce diversity and improve comparability in financial reporting by governments. This Statement also will enhance the relevance and reliability of a government's financial statements by requiring a government to report a subscription asset and subscription liability for a SBITA and to disclose essential information about the arrangement. The disclosures will allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of a government's SBITA activities and evaluate a government's obligations and assets resulting from SBITAs. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2023 financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

U. Future Changes in Accounting Standards (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32, which will result in more consistent financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans, while mitigating the costs associated with reporting those plans. The requirements also will enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of (1) the information related to Section 457 plans that meet the definition of a pension plan and the benefits provided through those plans and (2) investment information for all Section 457 plans. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2022 financial statements.

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS.

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the district-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities:

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets.

1. The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings and equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, with their original costs capitalized and depreciation expensed annually over their useful lives. The balances at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Original Cost of Capital Assets Accumulated Depreciation \$ 71,573,459 (29,366,768) \$ 42,206,691

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

- A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities: (Continued)
 - 2. In the Statement of Net Position, a liability is recognized for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to each defined benefit pension plan in which the District participates. A net pension liability is measured as the proportionate share of the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of employee service (proportionate share of total pension liability), net of the proportionate share of that pension plan's fiduciary net position. If a pension plan's fiduciary net position exceeds its total pension liability, the District's proportionate share of the pension plan's net pension asset is recognized. Also, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions primarily result from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, as well as changes in the components of the net pension liability or asset. However, none of these amounts are included on the Balance Sheet as they are only recognized to the extent the pension liability is normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. These balances at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

\$ 4,508,807
17,339,908
(3,998,012)
(6,301,622)
\$ 11,549,081
\$

3. In a debt refunding, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old bonds is recorded as the deferred amount on refunding and included as a deferred outflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position. However, this amount is not included on the Balance Sheet as it was recorded as an expenditure when it was due, and thus required the use of current financial resources. The balance at June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Deferred Amount on Refunding

\$ 1,865,983

4. Interest is accrued in the Statement of Net Position, regardless of when it is due. This liability does not appear on the Balance Sheet because interest is expended when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. This liability at June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Accrued Interest

\$ 200,727

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

- A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities: (Continued)
 - 5. Revenues may be deferred on the Balance Sheet if they are not expected to be received in the current period. However, on the Statement of Net Position, these revenues are earned and not deferred accordingly. Adjustments to deferred revenues as of June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Charges for Services - Day School Tuition Revenue	\$ 305,776
State Sources - Excess Cost Aid	 121,816
	\$ 427,592

6. Long-term liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows are reported in the Statement of Net Position, but not in the Balance Sheet, because the liabilities are not due and payable in the current period. The balances at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Compensated Absences	\$ 2,456,340
Bonds Payable (including an unamortized bond premium of \$1,751,800)	27,506,800
Installment Purchase Debt	3,447,321
Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB	(7,947,386)
Other Postemployment Benefits	104,976,492
Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB	13,855,835
	\$ 144,295,402

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities:

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of five broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

1. Long-Term Revenue Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities: (Continued)

2. Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

3. Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

4. Pension Plan Transaction Differences

Pension plan transaction differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

5. Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Related Differences

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities (Continued):

Explanation of Differences between Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities

Total Revenues and Other Funding Sources

Total revenues reported in governmental funds (Schedule 5)	\$74,098,315
Because some revenue will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year-end, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds. However, they are considered to be earned in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which the revenues recognized in the Statement of Activities this year were less than in the previous year.	(30,242)
Total revenues in the Statement of Activities (Schedule 2)	\$74,068,073
Total Expenditures & Other Uses/Expenses	
Total expenditures reported in governmental funds (Schedule 5)	\$71,563,260
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses (compensated absences) are measured by the amounts incurred during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured to the extent that they have matured (essentially, the amounts paid or payable). This is the amount by which compensated absences incurred exceeded the amounts paid or payable during the year.	27,584
Interest payable is recognized as an accrued liability in the entity wide statements under full accrual accounting whereas it is not under the governmental fund statements. This is the amount by which interest	
payable this year is less than the interest payable last year.	(23,882)

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities (Continued):

Total Expenditures & Other Uses/Expenses (Continued)

In the Statement of Activities, the expense for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) includes changes in the OPEB liability such as service cost, interest cost and changes in benefit terms, as well as amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB. In the governmental funds, however, OPEB expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts actually paid). This is the amount by which the OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities exceeded the amount of financial resources used during the year.

4,272,645

In the Statement of Activities, pension expense related to the ERS and TRS defined benefit pension plans is measured as the change in the District's proportionate shares of the net pension assets and liabilities as of the measurement dates for each plan. In the governmental funds, however, these expenditures are recognized equal to the total of (1) amounts paid by the employer to the pension plan and (2) the change between the beginning and ending balances of amounts normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. This is the amount by which pension expense exceeded the amount of financial resources expended during the year.

3,627,116

When the purchase or construction of capital assets is financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the years they are incurred. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital expenditures of \$119,728 were less than depreciation of \$1,669,105 in the current year.

1,549,377

Repayment of bond and installment debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due and paid, but reduces liabilities in the Statement of Net Position, and does not affect the Statement of Activities.

(2,564,269)

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities (Continued):

Total Expenditures & Other Uses/Expenses (Continued)

Premiums and discounts on long-term debt issuances and deferred amounts from debt refundings are considered to have been earned or incurred in the fiscal year in which the transactions occur in the governmental fund statements. These amounts are amortized over the life of the related debt in the Statement of Activities. This is the net amount that was amortized during the current year.

12,344

Total expenses in the Statement of Activities (Schedule 2)

\$78,464,175

NOTE 3. STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE.

A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the following governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted:

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent fiscal year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These Supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. Supplemental appropriations that occurred during the fiscal year are shown on Supplemental Schedule #5.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the fiscal year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

The General Fund is the only fund with a legally approved budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTE 3. STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE. (Continued)

A. Budgets (Continued)

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as restrictions or assignments of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

C. Other Stewardship and Compliance Matters

The School Lunch Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$88,902.

The District was in compliance with all other legal and contractual provisions for the fiscal year.

NOTE 4. CASH - CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT, INTEREST RATE, FOREIGN CURRENCY RISKS AND INVESTMENT POOL.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these Notes.

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year-end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized \$ 0.

Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or its trust department or agent, but not in the District's name \$ 3,797,840.

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$5,016,587 within the governmental funds.

NOTE 4. CASH - CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT, INTEREST RATE, FOREIGN CURRENCY RISKS AND INVESTMENT POOL.

The District does not typically purchase investments for a long enough duration to cause it to believe that it is exposed to any material interest rate risk. The District also does not typically purchase investments denominated in a foreign currency, and is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

The District participates in a multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 5-G, §119-O, whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. The investments are highly liquid and are considered to be cash equivalents.

Total investments of the Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System – New York (CLASS) as of year-end are \$3,364,214,294, which consisted of \$214,167,351 in repurchase agreements, \$2,065,434,434 in U.S. Treasury Securities, \$195,149,640 in certificates of deposits and \$889,462,869 in collateralized bank deposits, with various interest rate and due dates.

The following amounts invested in this cooperative are included as unrestricted and restricted cash:

Fund	Ba	ank Balance	Car	rying Amount
General Fund	\$	11,635,758	\$	11,635,758
Special Aid Fund		58,846		58,846
Capital Projects Fund		252,497		252,497
Fiduciary Funds - Agency Fund		9,710		9,710

The above amounts represent the cost of the investment pool shares, and are considered to approximate market value. The investment pool is categorically exempt from the New York State collateral requirements. Additional information concerning the cooperative is presented in the annual report of CLASS.

NOTE 5. INVESTMENTS.

The District has investments (primarily donated scholarship funds), and chooses to disclose the investments by specifically identifying each. The District's investment policy for these investments is also governed by New York State statutes. Investments are stated at fair value, and are categorized as either:

- (A) Insured or registered, or investments held by the District or by the District's agent in the District's name, or
- (B) Uninsured and unregistered, with the investments held by the financial institutes trust department in the District's name, or
- (C) Uninsured and unregistered, with investments held by the financial institution or its trust department, but not in the District's name.

NOTE 5. INVESTMENTS. (Continued)

		Carrying	Type of	
Investment	Fund	Amount	Investment	Category
Fidelity Balance Fund	Fiduciary (Private Purpose Trust)	\$17,593	Mutual Fund	A
Columbia Bond Fund-A	Fiduciary (Private Purpose Trust)	32,400	Mutual Fund	A
Total		\$49,993		
10141		Ψ 13,330		

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS.

Capital asset balances and activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:	Datanee	ridditions	Tree assirie at 10115	Datanec
Capital assets that are not				
depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,776,500	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,776,500
Capital assets that are depreciated:				
Land Improvements	1,371,571	0	0	1,371,571
Buildings and				
Improvements	66,638,850	0	0	66,638,850
Furniture & Equipment	1,666,810	119,728	0	1,786,538
Total Depreciable Assets	69,677,231	119,728	0	69,796,959
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(27,697,663)	(1,669,105)	0	(29,366,768)
Capital Assets, Net	\$43,756,068	\$ (1,549,377)	\$ 0	\$42,206,691

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Support	\$ 250,366
Instruction	1,368,666
Cost of Sales	50,073
Total Depreciation	\$ 1,669,105

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES.

Long-term liability balances and activity for the fiscal year are summarized below:

	Beginning		Paid/	Ending	Amounts Due Within
	Balance	Issued	Redeemed	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds and Notes Payable:					
Payable:					
Bonds Payable	\$ 28,015,000	\$ 0	\$ 2,260,000	\$ 25,755,000	\$2,385,000
Bond Premiums	1,941,184	0	189,384	1,751,800	189,384
	29,956,184	0	2,449,384	27,506,800	2,574,384
Installment Purchase Debt	3,751,590	0	304,269	3,447,321	282,936
Total Bonds and					
Notes Payable	33,707,774	0	2,753,653	30,954,121	2,857,320
0.1 1:1:1::					
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	2,428,756	186,313	22,973	2,592,096	135,756
Other Postemployment					
Benefits	92,598,383	14,276,225	1,898,116	104,976,492	0
Net Pension Liability					
Proportionate Share	1,109,197	6,705,600	3,816,785	3,998,012	0
Total Other Liabilities	96,136,336	21,168,138	5,737,874	111,566,600	135,756
Total Long Tarm Liabilities	\$129,844,110	\$21,168,138	\$ 8,491,527	\$142,520,721	\$2,993,076
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$129,044,110	\$21,100,138	\$ 0,491,327	\$142,320,721	\$4,993,070

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

Existing serial bond and installment purchase obligations are as follows:

Issue	Final	Interest		
Date	Maturity	Rate		Balance
08/01/08	04/01/23	4.00% - 4.55%	\$	970,000
07/16/10	07/15/20	3.75% - 4.00%		55,000
09/06/12	10/15/29	2.5% - 5%	2	4,730,000
04/30/15	04/01/30	2.79%		3,447,321
			\$ 2	9,202,321
	Date 08/01/08 07/16/10 09/06/12	Date Maturity 08/01/08 04/01/23 07/16/10 07/15/20 09/06/12 10/15/29	Date Maturity Rate 08/01/08 04/01/23 4.00% - 4.55% 07/16/10 07/15/20 3.75% - 4.00% 09/06/12 10/15/29 2.5% - 5%	Date Maturity Rate 08/01/08 04/01/23 4.00% - 4.55% \$ 07/16/10 07/15/20 3.75% - 4.00% 09/06/12 10/15/29 2.5% - 5% 2 04/30/15 04/01/30 2.79%

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES. (Continued)

The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements:

For the Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest
2021	\$ 2,667,936	\$ 989,331
2022	2,787,013	869,983
2023	2,920,972	736,437
2024	2,705,184	608,082
2025	2,789,656	520,648
2026 - 2030	15,331,560	1,197,159
TOTAL	\$ 29,202,321	\$ 4,921,640

Interest on long-term debt for the fiscal year was composed of:

Interest paid	\$	1,110,197
Less: Interest accrued in the prior year		(224,609)
Less: Amortization of bond premiums		(189,384)
Plus: Interest accrued in the current year		200,727
Plus: Amortization of deferred amounts on refunding	_	201,728
Total interest expense	\$	1,098,659

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS.

Employees' Retirement System Plan Description

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). ERS and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS) are collectively referred to as New York State and Local Retirement System (the ERS System). These are cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit retirement systems. The net position of the ERS System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in fiduciary net position allocated to the ERS System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the ERS System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four-year term. Thomas P. DiNapoli has served as Comptroller since February 7, 2007. In November 2018, he was elected for a new term commencing January 1, 2019. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. Separately issued financial statements for the System can be accessed on the Comptroller's website at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about us/financial statements index.php.

Teachers' Retirement System Plan Description

The New York State Teachers' Retirement System (the TRS System) was created and exists pursuant to Article 11 of the New York State Education Law. The System is the administrator of a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS), administered by a 10-member Board to provide pension and ancillary benefits to teachers employed by participating employers in the State of New York, excluding New York City. For additional Plan information, please refer to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website located at www.nystrs.org.

ERS Benefits Provided

The ERS System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

Tiers 1 and 2

Eligibility: Tier 1 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. There is no minimum service requirement for Tier 1 members. Tier 2 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The age at which full benefits may be collected for Tier 1 is 55, and the full benefit age for Tier 2 is 62.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

ERS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Tiers 1 and 2 (Continued)

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If the member retires with 20 or more years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. Tier 2 members with five or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 2 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits. As a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, Tier 1 and Tier 2 members who worked continuously from April 1, 1999 through October 1, 2000 received an additional month of service credit for each year of credited service they have at retirement, up to a maximum of 24 additional months.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years of employment. For Tier 1 members who joined on or after June 17, 1971, each year in the final average salary calculation is limited to no more than 20% greater than the previous year. For Tier 2 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20% greater than the average of the previous two years.

Tiers 3, 4, and 5

Eligibility: Tier 3 and 4 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. Tier 5 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have 10 years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tiers 3, 4 and 5 is 62.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with between 20 and 30 years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 30 years of service, an additional benefit of 1.5 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 30 years. Tier 3 and 4 members with five or more years of service and Tier 5 members with 10 or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 3 and 4 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years. For Tier 3, 4 and 5 members, each year used in the final average salary calculation is limited to no more than 10% greater than the average of the previous two years.

Tier 6

Eligibility: Tier 6 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have 10 years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tier 6 is 63 for ERS members and 62 for PFRS members.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

ERS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Tiers 6 (Continued)

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with 20 years of service, the benefit is 1.75 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 20 years of service, an additional benefit of 2 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 20 years. Tier 6 members with 10 or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the five highest consecutive years. For Tier 6 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10% greater than the average of the previous four years.

Special Plans

The 25-Year Plans allow a retirement after 25 years of service with a benefit of one-half of final average salary, and the 20-Year Plans allow a retirement after 20 years of service with a benefit of one-half of final average salary. These plans are available to certain PFRS members, sheriffs, and correction officers.

Disability Retirement Benefits

Disability retirement benefits are available to ERS and PFRS members unable to perform their job duties because of permanent physical or mental incapacity. There are three general types of disability benefits: ordinary, performance of duty, and accidental disability benefits. Eligibility, benefit amounts, and other rules such as any offsets or other benefits depend on a members tier, years of service, and plan.

Ordinary Death Benefits

Death benefits are payable upon the death, before retirement, of a member who meets eligibility requirements as set forth by law. The first \$50,000 of an ordinary death benefit is paid in the form of group term life insurance. The benefit is generally three times the member's annual salary. For most members, there is also a reduced post-retirement ordinary death benefit available.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

ERS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

A cost-of-living adjustment is provided annually to: (i) all pensioners who have attained age 62 and have been retired for five years; (ii) all pensioners who have attained age 55 and have been retired for 10 years; (iii) all disability pensioners, regardless of age, who have been retired for five years; (iv) ERS recipients of an accidental death benefit, regardless of age, who have been receiving such benefit for five years and (v) the spouse of a deceased retiree receiving a lifetime benefit under an option elected by the retiree at retirement. An eligible spouse is entitled to one-half the cost-of-living adjustment amount that would have been paid to the retiree when the retiree would have met the eligibility criteria. This cost-of-living adjustment is a percentage of the annual retirement benefit of the eligible member as computed on a base benefit amount not to exceed \$18,000 of the annual retirement benefit. The cost-of-living percentage shall be 50 percent of the annual Consumer Price Index as published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor, but cannot be less than 1 percent or exceed 3 percent.

TRS Benefits Provided

The benefits provided to members of the TRS System are established by New York State and may be amended only by the Legislature with the Governor's approval. Benefit provisions vary depending on date of membership and are subdivided into the following six classes:

Tier 1

Members who last joined prior to July 1, 1973 are covered by the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law.

Tier 2

Members who last joined on or after July 1, 1973 and prior to July 27, 1976 are covered by the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law and Article 11 of the Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL).

Tier 3

Members who last joined on or after July 27, 1976 and prior to September 1, 1983 are covered by the provisions of Article 14 and Article 15 of the RSSL.

Tier 4

Members who last joined on or after September 1, 1983 and prior to January 1, 2010 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

TRS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Tier 5

Members who joined on or after January 1, 2010 and prior to April 1, 2012 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

Tier 6

Members who joined on or after April 1, 2012 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

Service Retirements

Tier 1 members are eligible, beginning at age 55, for a service retirement allowance of approximately 2% per year of credit service times final average salary.

Under Article 19 of the RSSL, eligible Tiers 1 and 2 members can receive additional service credit of one-twelfth of a year for each year of retirement credit as of the date of retirement or death up to a maximum of two additional years.

Tiers 2 through 5 are eligible for the same but with the following limitations: (1) Tiers 2 through 4 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 62 or retirement at ages 55 through 61 with 30 years of service or a reduced benefit for retirement at ages 55 through 61 with less than 30 years of service. (2) Tier 5 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 62 or retirement at ages 57 through 61 with 30 years of service. They receive a reduced benefit for retirement at ages 55 and 56 regardless of service credit, or ages 57 through 61 with less than 30 years of service.

Tier 6 members are eligible for a service retirement allowance of 1.75% per year of credited service years of service plus 2% per year for years of service in excess of 20 years times final average salary. Tier 6 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 63. They receive a reduced benefit at ages 55 through 62 regardless of service credit.

Vested Benefits

Retirement benefits after 5 years of credited service except for Tiers 5 and 6 where 10 years of credited service are required. Benefits are payable at age 55 or greater with the limitations noted for service requirements above.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

TRS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Disability Retirement

Members are eligible for disability retirement benefits after 10 years of credited New York State service except for Tier 3 where disability retirement is permissible after 5 years of credited New York State service pursuant to the provisions of Article 14 of the RSSL. The Tier 3 benefit is integrated with Social Security.

Death Benefits

Death benefits are paid to the beneficiary of active members who die in service. The benefit is based on final salary and the number of years of credited service.

Prior Service

After 2 years of membership, members of all tiers may claim and receive credit for prior New York State public or teaching service. Only Tiers 1 and 2 members may, under certain conditions, claim out of state service.

Tier Reinstatement

In accordance with Chapter 640 of the Laws of 1998, any active member who had a prior membership may elect to be reinstated to their original date and Tier of membership.

Permanent Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA)

Section 532-a of the Education Law provides a permanent cost-of-living benefit to both current and future retired members. This benefit will be paid commencing September of each year to retired members who have attained age 62 and have been retired for 5 years or attained age 55 and have been retired for 10 years. Disability retirees must have been retired for 5 years, regardless of age, to be eligible. The annual COLA percentage is equal to 50% of the increase in the consumer price index not to exceed 3% nor be lower than 1%. It is applied to the \$18,000 of the annual benefit. The applicable percentage payable beginning September 2019 is 1.0%.

Members who retired prior to July 1, 1970 are eligible for a minimum benefit of seventeen thousand five hundred dollars for 35 years of credited full-time New York State service. Certain members who retire pursuant to the provisions of Article 14 of the RSSL are eligible for automatic cost-of-living supplementation based on the increase in the consumer price index with a maximum per annum increase of 3%.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Contributions

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0% to 3.5% of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier 6 vary based on a sliding salary scale. The Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year and each of the two preceding years. These contributions were as follows:

Year	NYSERS		 NYSTRS	
2019 - 2020	\$	740,373	\$ 3,076,412	
2018 - 2019		739,369	2,821,548	
2017 - 2018		730,751	3,315,376	

ERS has provided additional disclosures through entities that elected to participate in Chapter 260, 57 and 105.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2020 for ERS and June 30, 2019 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

At March 31, 2020, the District's proportion of the NYSERS net pension liability/(asset) 0.0150979%, which was a decrease of .0005570% from its proportion measured as March 31, 2019.

At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion of the NYSTRS net pension liability/(asset) was 0.173549%, which was a decrease of .003205% from its proportion measured as June 30, 2018.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,464,748 for ERS and \$5,576,455 for TRS. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			S		
	ERS	TRS	Total	ERS	TRS	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 235,299	\$ 3,055,503	\$ 3,290,802	\$ 0	\$ 335,284	\$ 335,284
Changes of Assumptions	80,501	8,517,740	8,598,241	69,511	2,076,866	2,146,377
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	2,049,575	0	2,049,575	0	3,615,831	3,615,831
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	256,661	287,854	544,515	35,019	169,111	204,130
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	189,492	2,667,283	2,856,775	0	0	0
Total	\$ 2,811,528	\$ 14,528,380	\$ 17,339,908	\$ 104,530	\$ 6,197,092	\$ 6,301,622

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended:	ERS	TRS
2021	\$ 467,53	\$ 2,043,850
2022	644,45	133,435
2023	786,64	2,036,456
2024	618,87	70 1,360,149
2025		0 200,741
Thereafter		0 (110,626)

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total ERS pension liability at March 31, 2020 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2019, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2020. The total TRS pension liability at June 30, 2019 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019. These actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial valuations referred to above were as follows:

L.C.C. D.	ERS	TRS	
Inflation Rate	2.5%	2.25%	
Projected Salary Increases	4.2%	Rates of increase differ based or service. They have been calculate based upon recent NYSTRS members as experience.	
		Service	Rate
		5	4.72%
		15	3.46%
		25	2.37%
		35	1.90%
Projected Cost of Living Adjustments	1.3%	1.59	%
Investment Rate of Return, Including Inflation	6.8% compounded annually, net of investment expenses	7.1% compounded pension plan inve	
Decrements	Developed from the Plan's 2015 experience study of the period April 1, 2010 to March 31, 2015	Based on the results of an actuaria experience study for the period Jul 1, 2009 to June 30, 2014.	
Mortality Improvement	Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2018	Society of A Scale MI	

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

	ERS			TRS		
Measurement Date	March	31, 2020	Measurement Date	June	30, 2019	
		Long-term			Long-term	
	Target	expected real		Target	expected real	
	Allocation	rate of return		Allocation	rate of return*	
Asset Class:			Asset Class:			
Domestic Equity	36%	4.05%	Domestic Equity	33%	6.30%	
International Equity	14%	6.15%	International Equity	16%	7.80%	
Private Equity	10%	6.75%	Global Equity	4%	7.20%	
Real Estate	10%	4.95%	Real Estate Equity	11%	4.60%	
Absolute Return Strategies (1)	2%	3.25%	Private Equity	8%	9.90%	
Opportunistic Portfolio	3%	4.65%	Domestic Fixed Income	16%	1.30%	
Real Assets	3%	5.95%	Global Bonds	2%	0.90%	
Bonds and Mortgages	17%	0.75%	High-yield Bonds	1%	3.60%	
Cash	1%	0.00%	Private Debt	1%	6.50%	
Inflation-indexed bonds	4%	0.50%	Real Estate Debt	7%	2.90%	
			Cash Equivalents	1%	0.30%	
Total	100%					
			Total	100%		

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 6.8% for ERS and 7.1% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the ERS & TRS net pension liabilities calculated using the discount rates referred to above, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rates referred to above:

^{*} Real rates of return are net of a long-term inflation assumption of 2.2%.

⁽¹⁾ Excludes equity-oriented and long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and international equity.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption (Continued)

ERS	1% Decrease (5.8%)	Current Discount (6.8%)		1% Increase (7.8%)
Employer's Proportionate Share				
of the Net Pension Asset (Liability)	\$ (7,337,480)	\$ (3,998,012)	\$	(922,347)
	1%	Current		1%
	Decrease	Discount		Increase
TRS	(6.1%)	 (7.1%)		(8.1%)
Employer's Proportionate Share				
of the Net Pension Asset (Liability)	\$ (20,352,285)	\$ 4,508,807	\$:	25,364,458

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the measurement dates indicated below were as follows:

	(Dollars in Thousands)				
		ERS	TRS		
Measurement Date	March 31, 2020		June 30, 2019		
Employers' total pension (liability)	\$	(194,596,261)	\$	(119,879,474)	
Plan net position		168,115,682		122,477,481	
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$	(26,480,579)	\$	2,598,007	
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension liability		86.39%		102.17%	

Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually in December based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent the projected employer contributions for the period of April 1, 2020 through June 30, 2020 based on paid ERS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$189,492 of employer contributions. Employee contributions are remitted monthly.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Payables to the Pension Plan (Continued)

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2020 through state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Employer contributions are based on paid TRS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$2,876,455.

NOTE 9. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY.

Interfund balances and activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Inter	rfund	Interfund		
	Receivable	Payable	Revenues	Expenditures	
General Fund	\$ 1,169,627	\$ 0	\$ 263	\$ 614,790	
Special Aid Fund	0	779,479	248,790	0	
School Lunch Fund	0	185,746	11,000	0	
Capital Fund	0	1,564	355,000	127	
Total Governmental Activities	1,169,627	966,789	615,053	615,053	
Fiduciary Agency Fund	0	202,838	0	0	
Totals	\$ 1,169,627	\$ 1,169,627	\$ 615,053	\$ 615,053	

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

The District typically transfers from the General Fund to the Special Aid Fund to fund the portion of the Summer Handicapped Program not funded by aid from New York State.

NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS.

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan ("the District's OPEB plan"), provides OPEB for eligible retired employees, their spouses and their dependent children. The District's OPEB plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District based on employment contracts. As these employment contracts are renegotiated, eligibility and benefits may change over time. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided – The District's OPEB plan subsidizes the cost of healthcare eligible retired employees, their spouses and their dependent children. They are eligible for lifetime postretirement benefits if the employee has worked for the District for at least five years and is 55 years of age or older. The District reimburses the cost of Medicare Part B premiums to both retirees and covered spouses. Surviving spouses do not receive any reimbursement.

The District contributes 75% of the cost of health insurance for qualified retirees and 50% of the cost of their dependents. The method used for this calculation is 75% of single coverage and 50% of the difference between single and family coverage

Upon the death of the retiree, surviving spouses will contribute 100% of the cost of the blended premium.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At July 1, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	218
Active employees	411
Total Employees Covered by Benefit Terms	629

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$104,976,492 was measured as of June 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018, with update procedures used to roll forward the actuarial accrued liability to June 30, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

Inflation Rate 2.5%

Discount Rate 3.51%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Pre-65: 7.50% for 2018, decreasing to an

ultimate rate of 4.50% for 2027 and later

years

Post-65: 8.35% for 2018, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% for 2027 and

later years

Current Retirees' Share of Benefit Related Retirees pay 2

Costs

Retirees pay 25% of the cost of single coverage and 50% of the difference between single and family coverage. Surviving spouse pay 100% of the cost of the Blended Premium.

Future Retirees' Share of Benefit Related

Costs

Retirees pay 25% of the cost of single coverage and 50% of the difference between single and family coverage.

Surviving spouse pay 100% of the cost of the Blended Premium.

The discount rate was based on a review of the yield derived from the Bond Buyer 20 General Obligation Index.

Mortality rates were based on the SOA PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Mortality Table projected generationally with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the SOA Scale MP-2018 varying based on Bargaining Unit Classification.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 – December 31, 2015.

NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 92,598,383
Changes for the Year:	
Service cost	4,262,042
Interest	3,712,119
Differences between expected and actual experience	(13,853)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	6,315,917
Benefit payments	(1,898,116)
Net Changes	12,378,109
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 104,976,492

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.51 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.51 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease]	Discount Rate	Increase
	(2.51%)		(3.51%)	(4.51%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 125,716,041	\$	104,976,492	\$ 88,675,996

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1%	Curren	t Health Care	1%			
	Decrease	Cost	Trend Rates	Increase			
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 85,768,661	\$	104,976,492	\$ 130,417,839			

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$6,350,870. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

		erred Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	0	f Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected					
and actual experience	\$	361,940	\$	12,079	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		5,507,221		13,843,756	
District's contributions subsequent					
to the measurement date		2,078,225		0	
Total	\$	7,947,386	\$	13,855,835	

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount				
2021	\$(1,623,291)				
2022	(1,623,291)				
2023	(1,623,291)				
2024	(1,623,291)				
2025	(1,623,291)				
Thereafter	129,781				

NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT.

General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

Consortiums

The District participates in Orange/Ulster School District Health Insurance Plan, a non-risk-retained public entity risk pool for its employee health and accident insurance coverage. The pool is operated for the benefit of 19 individual governmental units located within the pool's geographic area, and is considered a self-sustaining risk pool. The District has essentially transferred all related risk to the pool.

NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT. (Continued)

Consortiums (Continued)

The District participates with 16 other school districts, Orange/Ulster BOCES and Ulster BOCES in the Orange/Ulster School District Workers Compensation Self-Insurance Plan, a risk-sharing pool, to insure workers' compensation claims. This is a public entity risk pool created under Article 5 of the Workers' Compensation Law, to finance liability and risks related to workers' compensation claims. Entities joining the plan must remain members for a minimum of five years; a member may withdraw from the plan after that time by providing 180 days written notice. Plan members are subject to a supplemental assessment in the event of deficiencies. If the plan's assets were to be exhausted, members would be responsible for the plan's liabilities.

NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES.

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

NOTE 13. ENCUMBRANCES.

Encumbrances represent contracts, purchase orders, payroll commitments, tax payables, or legal penalties that are chargeable to an account. They cease to be encumbrances when paid or when the actual liability amount is determined and recorded as an expenditure. As discussed in Note 1, encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At June 30, 2020 the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the subsequent year were as follows:

	-	
Total Encumbrances	\$	561,092
Capital Projects Fund		45,219
Special Aid Fund		750
General Fund	\$	515,123

NOTE 14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS.

The District has evaluated subsequent events through September 30, 2020 the date that the financial statements were available to be issued. On August 13, 2020, the New York State Division of the Budget (DOB) issued the *FY 2021 First Quarterly State Budget Financial Plan Update* which notes that, in the absence of Federal action since enactment of the fiscal year 2021 budget, DOB began withholding 20% of most local aid payments in June, and that all or a portion of these withholds may be converted to permanent reductions, depending on the size and timing of new Federal aid, if any. No other significant subsequent events have been identified that would require adjustment of or disclosure in the accompanying financial statements.

CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CORNWALL, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	06/30/19	06/30/18	06/30/17
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments	\$ 4,262,042 3,712,119 (13,853) 6,315,917 (1,898,116)	\$ 4,084,407 3,449,701 478,132 (6,830,073) (1,704,492)	\$ 4,913,950 2,982,018 0 (13,648,710) (1,677,865)
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability-beginning	12,378,109 92,598,383	(522,325) 93,120,708	(7,430,607) 100,551,315
Total OPEB liability-ending	\$104,976,492	\$92,598,383	\$ 93,120,708
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 33,984,959	\$32,747,113	\$ 31,509,267
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	308.89%	282.77%	295.53%

Notes to Schedule:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75 to pay related benefits.

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period.

06/30/19	3.51%
06/30/18	3.87%
06/30/17	3.58%
06/30/16	2.85%

Underlying claims were updated to reflect the most recent claims experience for the 6/30/18 period.

For the 6/30/18 period, the mortality assumption was updated from the RP-2014 Combined Healthy Generational Mortality Table with projection scale MP-2016 from the Central Year to the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Mortality Table with projection scale MP-2018 varying based on Bargaining Unit Classification.

For the 6/30/18 period, the salary scale was updated to service-based tables from ERS and TRS.

For the 6/30/18 period, health care cost trends rates were updated based on national average information from a variety of sources, including S&P Healthcare Economic Index, NHCE data, plan renewal data, and vendor Rx reports, with adjustments based on provisions of the benefits sponsored by the Cornwall Central School District.

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

^{*} GASB 75 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that this statement was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2018, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 75.

$\underline{\text{CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT}}$

CORNWALL, NEW YORK

$\frac{\text{SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND}{\text{FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020}}$

REVENUES	ORIGINAL BUDGET		 FINAL BUDGET		CURRENT YEAR'S REVENUES		ER (UNDER) AL BUDGET
LOCAL SOURCES:							
Real Property Taxes Other Tax Items Charges for Services Use of Money & Property Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss Miscellaneous STATE SOURCES	\$	49,388,711 80,000 94,280 265,500 0 125,000 20,853,856	\$ 49,388,711 80,000 94,280 265,500 0 181,331 20,893,856	\$	46,051,185 3,412,337 592,828 426,836 1,519 453,438	\$	(3,337,526) 3,332,337 498,548 161,336 1,519 272,107
FEDERAL SOURCES		320,000	320,000		45,309		(274,691)
TOTAL REVENUES		71,127,347	71,223,678		71,941,613		717,935
OTHER SOURCES: Operating Transfers In		0_	0		263		263
TOTAL REVENUES & OTHER SOURCES		71,127,347	71,223,678		71,941,876	\$	718,198
APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE		2,905,322	 2,905,322				
TOTAL REVENUES, OTHER SOURCES & APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	\$	74,032,669	\$ 74,129,000				

CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

CORNWALL, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

EXPENDITURES		ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		CURRENT YEAR'S EXPENDITURES		ENCUMBRANCES		UNENCUMBERED BALANCE	
GENERAL SUPPORT:											
Board of Education	\$	98,205	\$	80,163	\$	75,326	\$	0	\$	4,837	
Central Administration	Ψ	333,522	Ψ	346,003	Ψ	342,138	Ψ	2,805	Φ	1,060	
Finance		521,713		573,881		550,479		6,720		16,682	
Staff		403,633		497,596		487,599		0,720		9,997	
Central Services		5,685,549		5,309,572		4,612,742		122,912		573,918	
Special Items		831,999		1,092,821		1,087,709		0		5,112	
INSTRUCTIONAL:											
Instruction, Administration & Improvement		2,634,142		2,665,234		2,511,759		3,851		149,624	
Teaching - Regular School		20,229,166		20,216,397		19,773,251		136,757		306,389	
Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions		10,839,159		10,864,267		9,911,275		473		952,519	
Occupational Education		838,944		792,338		792,336		0		2	
Teaching - Special Schools		63,085		63,085		56,629		0		6,456	
Instructional Media		2,492,823		2,697,243		2,397,701		221,555		77,987	
Pupil Services		3,952,774		3,862,566		3,611,146		19,865		231,555	
PUPIL TRANSPORTATION		3,842,961		3,837,330		3,019,712		185		817,433	
COMMUNITY SERVICES		19,647		40,726		40,726		0		0	
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		16,927,985		16,872,416		15,603,575		0		1,268,841	
DEBT SERVICE:											
Debt Service - Principal		2,633,223		2,592,374		2,564,269		0		28,105	
Debt Service - Interest		1,069,349		1,110,198		1,110,197		0		1	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		73,417,879		73,514,210		68,548,569		515,123		4,450,518	
OTHER USES:											
Operating Transfers Out		614,790		614,790		614,790		0		0	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES & OTHER USES	\$	74,032,669	\$	74,129,000		69,163,359	\$	515,123	\$	4,450,518	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE					\$	2,778,517					

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CORNWALL, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NYSERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	03/31/20	03/31/19	03/31/18	03/31/17	03/31/16	03/31/15	03/31/14
District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.0150979%	0.0156549%	0.0158077%	0.0157634%	0.0160555%	0.0165433%	0.0165433%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (3,998,012)	\$ (1,109,197)	\$ (510,185)	\$ (1,481,161)	\$ (2,576,951)	\$ (558,873)	\$ (747,568)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,387,986	\$ 5,147,400	\$ 4,990,555	\$ 4,827,988	\$ 4,501,460	\$ 4,493,301	\$ 4,445,178
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-74.20%	-21.55%	-10.22%	-30.68%	-57.25%	-12.44%	-16.82%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.68%	97.95%	97.15%
	NYSTRS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*						
	06/30/19	06/30/18	06/30/17	06/30/16	06/30/15	06/30/14	06/30/13
District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.173549%	0.176754%	0.178511%	0.176887%	0.176467%	0.171415%	0.168490%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ 4,508,807	\$ 3,196,186	\$ 1,356,865	\$ (1,894,530)	\$18,329,335	\$ 19,094,561	\$ 1,109,091
District's covered-employee payroll	\$28,968,101	\$28,791,306	\$28,288,191	\$ 27,295,393	\$ 26,507,792	\$25,320,663	\$24,680,127
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	15.56%	11.10%	4.80%	-6.94%	69.15%	75.41%	4.49%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	102.17%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%	100.70%

^{*} GASB 68 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that this statement was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2015, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 68.

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CORNWALL, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NYSERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	03/31/20	03/31/19	03/31/18	03/31/17	03/31/16	03/31/15	03/31/14			
Contractually required contribution	\$ 740,373	\$ 739,369	\$ 730,751	\$ 702,346	\$ 835,743	\$ 919,469	\$ 954,639			
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	740,373	739,369	730,751	702,346	835,743	919,469	954,639			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0			
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,387,986	\$ 5,147,400	\$ 4,990,555	\$ 4,827,988	\$ 4,501,460	\$ 4,493,301	\$ 4,445,178			
Contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	13.74%	14.36%	14.64%	14.55%	18.57%	20.46%	21.48%			
	NYSTRS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*									
	06/30/19	06/30/18	06/30/17	06/30/16	06/30/15	06/30/14	06/30/13			
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,076,412	\$ 2,821,548	\$ 3,315,376	\$ 3,619,369	\$ 4,646,816	\$ 4,114,608	\$ 2,922,127			
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	3,076,412	2,821,548	3,315,376	3,619,369	4,646,816	4,114,608	2,922,127			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0			
Covered-employee payroll	\$28,968,101	\$28,791,306	\$28,288,191	\$27,295,393	\$26,507,792	\$25,320,663	\$24,680,127			
Contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	10.62%	9.80%	11.72%	13.26%	17.53%	16.25%	11.84%			

^{*} GASB 68 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that this statement was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2015, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 68.

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

CORNWALL, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED TO FINAL BUDGET

ADOPTED BUDGET		\$ 73,527,347
ADDITIONS:		505 222
Encumbrances from Prior Year		505,322
ORIGINAL BUDGET		74,032,669
BUDGET REVISIONS:		
Budget Amendments for Donations and Summer Camp		
Instruction		56,331
Budget Amendment for Education		
Instruction		40,000
FINAL BUDGET		\$ 74,129,000
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION		
2020-2021 Voter-approved expenditure budget		
Maximum allowed (4% of 2020-2021 budget of \$74,544,952)		\$ 2,981,798
		<u> </u>
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		
Unrestricted Fund Balance:		
Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 4,615,123	
Unassigned Fund Balance	2,981,798	
Total Unrestricted Fund Balance	7,596,921	
Less:		
Appropriated Fund Balance	4,100,000	
Encumbrances included in Committed and Assigned Fund Balance	515,123	
Total Adjustments	4,615,123	
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of		
Real Property Tax Law		\$ 2,981,798
Actual Percentage		4.00%

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CORNWALL, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - PROJECT EXPENDITURES AND FINANCING RESOURCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

					EXPENDITURES TO DATE					METHODS OF FINANCING				FUND	
	O	RIGINAL		REVISED	PRIOR	CURRENT		UN	EXPENDED	PROCEEDS	LOCAL		BA	ALANCE	
	APPR	OPRIATION	APP	ROPRIATION	YEARS	YEAR	TOTAL	F	BALANCE	FROM DEBT	SOURCES	TOTAL	JUN	E 30, 2020	
							-								
District-Wide Project, 18-19	\$	355,000	\$	354,873	\$ 122,425	\$ 77,352	\$ 199,777	\$	155,096	\$ 0	\$ 354,873	\$ 354,873	\$	155,096	
Smart Schools Bond Act		1,157,616		1,157,616	0	234,240	234,240		923,376	0	0	0		(234,240)	
District-Wide Project, 19-20		355,000		355,000	0	0	0		355,000	0	355,000	355,000		355,000	
	\$	1,867,616	\$	1,867,489	\$ 122,425	\$ 311,592	\$ 434,017	\$	1,433,472	\$ 0	\$ 709,873	\$ 709,873	\$	275,856	
	Φ	1,007,010	Þ	1,007,409	\$ 122,423	\$ 311,392	\$ 434,017	→	1,433,472	3 0	\$ 709,873	\$ 709,873	2	275,836	

CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CORNWALL, NEW YORK NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NON-DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS			\$ 1,776,500
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET			40,430,191
ADDITIONS:			
Deferred Amount on Refunding			1,865,983
DEDUCTIONS:			
Short-term Portion of Bonds Payable (including an unamortized bond premium of \$189,384)	\$	2,574,384	
Long-term Portion of Bonds Payable (including an unamortized bond premium of \$1,562,416)		24,932,416	
Short-term Portion of Installment Purchase Debt		282,936	
Long-term Portion of Installment Purchase Debt	_	3,164,385	
Total Deductions			(30,954,121)
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS			\$ 13,118,553

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL
CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON
COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT
OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Cornwall Central School District Cornwall, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary funds of Cornwall Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Cornwall Central School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Cornwall Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Cornwall Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Cornwall Central School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Cornwall Central School District

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Cornwall Central School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Montgomery, New York

Jugant + Hoursaler, P.C.

September 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Cornwall Central School District Cornwall, New York

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Cornwall Central School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Cornwall Central School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Cornwall Central School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Cornwall Central School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Cornwall Central School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Cornwall Central School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Cornwall Central School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Cornwall Central School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Cornwall Central School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Cornwall Central School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Montgomery, New York September 30, 2020

Mugant + Hourseler, P.C.

$\underline{\text{CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT}}$

CORNWALL, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER	PASSED THROUGH TO SUBRECIPIENTS	TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed-through NYS Education Department:				
Special Education Cluster:				
IDEA - Part B, Section 611	84.027	0032-20-0678	\$ 63,973	\$ 544,466
IDEA - Part B, Section 619	84.173	0033-20-0678	8,823	18,206
Total Special Education Cluster			72,796	562,672
Title I Part A	84.010	0021-20-2235	0	97,009
Title III Part A, English Language Acquisition	84.365	0293-20-2235	0	953
Title III Part A, English Language Acquisition	84.365	0293-19-2235	0	997
Title II Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Title II Part A, Teacher & Principal	84.367	0147-20-2235	0	12,172
Training & Recruiting Title IV, Student Support and Academic	84.367	0147-19-2235	0	3,867
Enrichment Program	84.424	0204-20-2235	0	2,240
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			72,796	679,910
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed-through NYS Education Department:				
Child Nutrition Cluster: Cash Assistance				
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	0	37,539
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	0	222,649
Cash Assistance Subtotal			0	260,188
Non-Cash Assistance (food distribution)				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	0	84,974
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE, CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER			^	245 162
CHILD NOTATION CLUSTER			0	345,162
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 72,796	\$ 1,025,072

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the schedule.

CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CORNWALL, NEW YORK NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of federal award programs administered by the District, which is described in Note 1 to the District's accompanying financial statements, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Federal awards that are included in the schedule may be received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards that are passed through from other government agencies. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements. Because the schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, change in net position, or cash flows of the District.

Indirect costs may be included in the reported expenditures, to the extent that they are included in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented. The District's policy is not to charge federal award programs with indirect costs.

Matching costs (the District's share of certain program costs) are not included in the reported expenditures. The basis of accounting varies by federal program consistent with the underlying regulations pertaining to each program. The amounts reported as federal expenditures were obtained from the federal financial reports for the applicable program and periods. The amounts reported in these reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, which are reconciled with the District's financial reporting system.

NOTE 2. NON-CASH ASSISTANCE.

The District is the recipient of a federal award program that does not result in cash receipts or disbursements. The District was granted \$84,974 of commodities under the National School Lunch Program (CFDA 10.555).

NOTE 3. OTHER DISCLOSURES.

No insurance is carried specifically to cover equipment purchased with federal funds. Any equipment purchased with federal funds has only a nominal value, and is covered by the District's casualty insurance policies.

There were no loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year-end.

CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CORNWALL, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Type of Report the Auditor Issued on Whether the Financial Statements Audited Were Presented in Accordance with GAAP: Unmodified Internal Control over Financial Reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? ____ Yes <u>X</u> No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes X None Reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? _____ Yes <u>X</u> No FEDERAL AWARDS Internal Control over Major Programs: Material weakness(es) identified? ____ Yes <u>X</u> No Yes X None Reported Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Type of Auditor's Opinion Issued on Compliance for Major Federal Programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? _____ Yes <u>X</u> No **IDENTIFICATION OF MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS:** NAME OF FEDERAL PROGRAM OR CLUSTER CFDA NUMBER(S) 84.027, 84.173 Special Education Cluster Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$ 750,000.00 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? _X_ Yes ___ No **SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS** There were no findings relating to the financial statements which were required to be reported. SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS A. Significant Deficiencies in Internal Control There were no findings relating to the major federal awards as required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a). B. Compliance Findings

There were no findings relating to the major federal awards as required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR

200.516(a).



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Cornwall Central School District Cornwall, New York

Report on Financial Statements

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Richard P. Capicchioni, CPA Walter J. Jung, CPA Jennifer A. Traverse, CPA

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Cornwall Central School District's extraclassroom activity funds, which comprise the statement of assets, liabilities, and fund balance-cash basis as of June 30, 2020, and the related statement of receipts and disbursements-cash basis for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balance of the extraclassroom activity funds of the Cornwall Central School District as of June 30, 2020, and its cash receipts and cash disbursements for the year then ended, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw your attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Montgomery, New York

Jugant + Houseler, P.C.

September 30, 2020

CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

CORNWALL, NEW YORK

EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS

Cash

\$ 132,177

FUND BALANCE

Fund Balance, Beginning of Year

160,212

Excess of Disbursements over Receipts

(28,035)

Fund Balance, End of Year

\$ 132,177

See notes to financial statement.

CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

CORNWALL, NEW YORK

EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

<u>SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS - CASH BASIS</u> FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	(CASH						CASH
	BA	LANCE					BA	ALANCE
	JUNI	E 30, 2019	RECEIPTS		DISBU	JRSEMENTS	JUN	E 30, 2020
Class of 2019	\$	1,162	\$	0	\$	1,162	\$	0
Class of 2020		1,729		1,588		3,237		80
Class of 2021		881		803		300		1,384
Class of 2022		774		191		42		923
Class of 2023		0		398		0		398
Yearbook		9,691		7,398		10,693		6,396
Student Gov. Org.		30,251		9,078		5,499		33,830
National Honor Society		387		5,291		5,132		546
Drama Club		34,419		16,679		27,212		23,886
High School Band		2,532		0		523		2,009
Key Club		1,122		978		1,041		1,059
Environmental Club		3,044		75		68		3,051
Foreign Language Club		763		2,117		2,132		748
Concert Choir		4,002		4,054		4,296		3,760
School Store		3,553		5,303		4,806		4,050
Orchestra		2,346		810		901		2,255
Ski Club		0		0		0		0
Book Club		19		0		0		19
Art Club		642		510		293		859
GSA		323		0		0		323
SSA		1,645		0		167		1,478
Athletics Clubs		33,196		38,149		47,277		24,068
Middle School Clubs		27,731		11,852		18,528		21,055
	\$	160,212	\$	105,274	\$	133,309	\$	132,177

CORNWALL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CORNWALL, NEW YORK EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.

- (a) The transactions of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds are considered part of the reporting entity of Cornwall Central School District. We have included the Extraclassroom Activity Fund balances within the fiduciary funds of the financial statements. The separate audit report of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds is required due to the fact that the transactions of this fund are controlled by student management.
- (b) The books and records of Cornwall Central School District's Extraclassroom Activity Funds are maintained on the cash basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures recognized when cash is disbursed.
- (c) The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are used to record the activity of all student-related activities within the District. These funds are under the control of an appointed central treasurer who maintains cash receipts and cash disbursement books. All receipts are collected by the student activity treasurer and disbursements must be approved by the student management.